



INSTRUCTION MANUAL

# OD 7685 DISSOLVED OXYGEN CONTROLLER MICROPROCESSOR BASED

D. Oxygen scales:	0/200.0 %air 0/200.0 mmHg 0/20.00 PPM 0/20.00 mg/l
Temperature scale:	-2/+52 °C
Power supply:	110/220 Vac
Software:	R2.2x

Option	
-	

S/N

REP N°

Valid for options 091.3711 e 091.601



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WARRANTY CERTIFICATE	
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# 1 GENERAL

The instrument structure has been designed considering the three way of use:

1) The user checks measuring values and the proper functioning of the instrument.

The user should consult the Chapters 1 and 2.

2) The user should define the operating parameters and carry out the periodic calibration.

The user can carry out the following choices and operations:

- operating with keyboard locked/unlocked
- manual/automatic operating mode
- selecting the values of Set-point, Hysteresis, and Delay time for the relay switching
- selecting the Minimum/maximum function and the alarm Delay time
- calibrations
- programming the Cleaning function
- 3) The user should operate the functioning choice required for the system in which the instrument is used.

After the installation the instrument should be configured for the desired functioning.

Can be carried out:

- selections between possible options
- input numeric values within a fixed range

We suggest to follow the next steps:

1) in the Chapter 2 "Specifications", locate parameters marked with "\*" and the corresponding factory values in the "Default" column

- 2) make a list of changing in order to fit with the specific application
- 3) insert the "Configuration" access code to:
- \*\* select the Dissolved Oxygen sensor type
- \*\* select the measuring unit
- program the two Software Filter response time
- select the calibration mode
- program the Automatic Pressure Compensation (option)
- select the input for the analog output N°1 and N°2
- select the mA output range
- program the measuring value corresponding to 0/4 and 20 mA

\*\* select the Min/Max function for the Set-Point A and B

- program the alarm action on the activation time for Set-point A and B
- program the Max. activation time for Set-point A and B
- select the Activated/Deactivated function for relay C
- program the Cleaning function (relay D)
- select the Access number to the Configuration

(The choice of the parameters marked \*\* is the minimum required for the use of the instrument).

Refer to the Chapter 7 "Configuration".

# 1.1 MEASURING PRINCIPLE

#### Polarographic method

The measurement is performed with a Polarographic sensor introduced by Clark and still represents the more practical measuring system since it allows accurate and fast measurement as well as easy calibration procedures.

The method consists of the Dissolved Oxygen diffusion through a membrane which divides the sample from an electrolytic cell with a Silver Anode and a Platinum Cathode.

A suitable polarization Voltage generates a current flow which is proportional to the diffused Dissolved Oxygen through the membrane.

The Oxygen in the cell will be restored by the continuous diffusion through the membrane. The result is a great stability of the measurement.

Anyway the method is influenced by two physical factors: the Temperature and the sample speed.

#### Temperature effect

The membrane is affected by a contraction/dilatation at the Temperature variation, with the consequence of a variation of the membrane porosity. This changing modify the diffusion speed of the Dissolved Oxygen through the membrane and consequently a different measuring.

This effect is compensated by the instrument by means of a Thermoresistance included in the D.O. sensor.

#### Sample speed effect

The Oxygen diffusion through the membrane will decrease the concentration close to the membrane, resulting in a reduction of the measuring value.

For this reason it is necessary to allow a continuous flow of the sample with a speed from 0,3 to 0,7 meter/second close to the membrane.

Avoid air bubbles in the sample that would affect the measuring accuracy.

#### 1.2 MEASURING SYSTEM

The Dissolved Oxygen monitoring system consists of two parts:

- the measuring/regulating instrument which is discussed in this instruction manual
- the Dissolved Oxygen sensor

The system could be implemented with additional devices for field application:

B&C Electronics amplified sensor, Temperature sensor, recorder, remote display, ON-OFF regulators, PID regulators, sensor Cleaning devices.

#### Instrument

This instrument carries out the following functions:

1) Dissolved Oxygen measuring when connected to the sensor

2) manual or automatic Dissolved Oxygen regulation, if suitable devices are connected to the output relays

3) Temperature measuring, if an RTD Pt100 is connected

4) manual or automatic compensation of Temperature, Pressure, Salinity and Relative Humidity effects

- 5) alarm devices activation when unexpected measuring and Set-point conditions happen
- 6) D.O. and/or Temperature acquisition, when connected to a Recorder or a Data Logger
- 7) sending data via a Serial interface, if the option 091.701 "RS232" is installed
- 8) external device activation for the sensor Cleaning
- 9) Barometric Pressure measuring if the option 091.601 is installed

#### Sensor

For the proper functioning of the system it is necessary to use the suitable sensor for each specific application.

The sensor installation should allow a continuous contact with the sample, in a position with sufficient stirring and exchange of sample.

In some applications the use of sensor Cleaning devices is suggested.

# **1.3 FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS**

#### R2.2x Software specification updates

- Two Software Filter Time depending on the amplitude of the input signal changing
- Selectable access number to the Configuration
- Manual Temperature calibration even with sensor connected
- Sensor cleaning function
- Barometric Pressure reading (option)
- Sensor calibration in Immediate/Postponed mode
- Type of sensor and microtransmitter selection.

#### Input

The instrument accepts input from three sensors:

- Dissolved Oxygen sensor;
- Temperature sensor (Pt100);
- Barometric Pressure internal sensor (option).

#### Software Filter

The unit is provided with a programmable software filter, to be inserted when the readout is not stable.

The user may select different filter values for small and large signal fluctuations.

#### D.Oxygen sensor type

The following sensor type can be used:

- 3 polarographic sensor types with different Current in air;
- galvanic sensor;
- B&C Electronics amplified sensor (ST series)

An exclusive feature of the instrument allows to connect ST series sensors, amplified by the 080610.2 microtransmitter, for long distance applications.

#### <u>Scales</u>

The following D.O. measuring scales can be selected: mmHg (partial pressure) - % (air saturation) - PPM - mg/litre.

The instrument holds the calibration data when changing the measuring scale.

#### Temperature compensation

The unit is supplied with manual or automatic Temperature compensation. The instrument detects of the absence or malfunctioning of the Temperature sensor and automatically switches to manual compensation.

#### Secondary parameters

The D.O. measuring is affected from Barometric Pressure, Salinity and Relative Humidity.

The programming of these parameters values avoids the use of the conversion tables. As an option the automatic Barometric Pressure compensation can be implemented.

#### Analog output

Either a 0/20 mA or 4/20 mA programmable and isolated output may be selected, for use as an interface with computers or data loggers. The input range corresponding to the output is programmable.

#### Control relays

The monitor is equipped with two SPST control relays.

Each control relay may be programmed for set-point, high/low, hysteresis or delay time actuation.

The full display indicates the current settings and current status of each relay.

#### Alarm relay

The unit contains a third SPDT relay designated as an alarm relay.

This relay may be used to warn of conditions that may indicate operational problems. The relay will activate on either high/low value conditions, or on failure of the control relays to maintain proper control.

In addition this relay may be programmed for either normal or fail-safe operation.

#### Operating mode

The instrument is provided with 2 programmable modes of operation.

- Automatic operation:

The Automatic mode is the normal operation mode of the unit.

- Manual operation:

This mode of operation would normally be used for control system troubleshooting. The unit will allow the relays to be manually actuated by pushing up/down keys.

The letter "M" flashing on the display, indicates the instrument is in manual operation mode.

#### **Calibration**

The sensitivity calibration in air can be automatically performed.

The manual calibration mode can be selected in two ways:

- immediate calibration; the user immediately adjusts the measuring value;
- postponed calibration;
   the instrument memorizes the sample value;
   the user adjusts the memorized value after the laboratory analysis.

#### **Cleaning function**

The unit contains a SPST relay designated as an autoclean relay. This relay may be used to start a manual or automatic autoclean cycle.

The user may select:

- the cleaning time
- the waiting time to turn to the normal operation
- the repetition time of the cycle

During the cleaning and waiting the unit will provide:

- flashing messages
- analog outputs in hold
- control and alarm relays deactivated

#### Configuration

A number of programming functions are provided in the Configuration menu and are protected by a selectable access number, which must be entered to allow changes in this setting. The keys on the front panel of the monitor can be used for both changing the display and for calibrations and set-point adjustments.

When the monitor is shipped, all functions are accessible.

However, the adjustment and calibration functions may be locked in order to prevent unauthorized adjustments to the instrument.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** the factory configuration allows the immediate use of the instrument in main applications.

#### **Options**

091.3711	Dual isolated and programmable output. Two outputs may be configured for Concentration or Temperature.
091.701	RS232 isolated output. The output sends the data (Concentration, °C) to the serial port of the computer.
091.404	24 VAC power supply.
091.4143	9/36 VDC power supply.

# 1.4 PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The controller enclosure is designed for surface or panel mounting. It consists of an anodized aluminium case built according to the standard DIN 43700, with an aluminium panel coated with scratch-proof and non-corrosive polycarbonate membrane.

A transparent waterproof front door SZ 7601 can be added to the housing, in order to protect the unit from excessive moisture or corrosive fumes.

Signal and power cable connections are made by using two special extractable terminal blocks placed in the back of the instrument.

This makes wiring, installation and general maintenance of the probes and other devices easier. The package is supplied complete with fixing clamps for panel-mounting.

# 2 SPECIFICATIONS

The *Default* values are corresponding to the factory calibration values. Parameters marked by " \* " can be modified in the Configuration procedures.

Default

OPERATING MODE		
	Automatic/Manual	Auto
SEN	SOR TYPE	
*	250nA-P/45nA-P/300nA-P/30mV-G	250nA-P
*	Microtransmitter: On/Off	Off
* *	Input from POLAROGRAPHIC CELL 250 Current in air input at 20°C: 200/400 nA Thermocompensation: according to internal table/Coefficient TC selectable: 0/4 %/°C (table arranged for SZ654.1 cell with Vpol. 675 mV)	250 nA Table 2.3%
* *	Input from POLAROGRAPHIC CELL 45 nA Current in air input at 20°C: 25/75 nA Thermocompensation: according to internal table/Coefficient TC selectable: 0/4 %/°C	45 nA Table 2.3%
* *	Input from POLAROGRAPHIC CELL 300 nA Current in air input at 20°C: 170/510 nA Thermocompensation: according to internal table/Coefficient TC selectable: 0/4 %/°C	300 nA Table 2.3%
	Polarization voltage: 0/1250 mV	675 mV
* *	Input from GALVANIC CELL 30 mV Voltage in air input at 20°C: 17/51 mV Thermocompensation: according to internal table/Coefficient TC selectable: 0/4 %/°C	30 mV Table 2.3%
*	Software filter 90% RT: Large signal variation: 0.4/20.0 sec. Small signal variation: 0.4/20.0 sec.	2.0 sec 10.0 sec
*	Ref. Temp. for the Thermocompensation: 20°C Scales: % air saturation: 0/200.0 % air PPM: 0/20.00 PPM mg/l: 0/20.00 mg/l	% air sat
	Partial pressure O2: 0/200.0 mmHg Zero regulation: (+/- 3.00 nA/30 nA) +/- 10% air/20°C Sensitivity regulation: 55/170 % Display accuracy at 20°C: 1/1000 Automatic calibration (function of Temp-Press-RH) Manual calibration (function of the adjusted value) Signalling of the calibration value stability reached	0 nA 100 %

SEC	ΩΝΏΑ ĐΥ ΒΑ ΒΑΜΕΤΕΒΩ	İ
SEC	ONDARY PARAMETERS	
	Pressure: 500/800 mmHg	760 mmHg
	Salinity (Chloride): 0/60000 PPM	0 PPM
	Relative Humidity: 0/100 %	50 %
<b>.</b>		
TEN	IPERATURE	
	Input: RTD Pt100	
	Connections: 2/3 wires	
	Measuring and compensation range: -2/+52 °C	
	Accuracy: 0.1 °C	
	Zero adjustment: +/- 2°C	0°C
	Manual temperature value range: 0/50°C	20°C
SET	-POINT A/B	
	Set value (function of the scale): 0/200.0 %	0 %
	Hysteresis (function of the scale): 0/20.0 %	0%
	Delay time: 0.0/99.9 sec	0 sec
*	Function: HI/LO (Max/Min)	LO
	Relay contact: SPDT 220V 5Amp resistive	
ALA	RM (CONTACT C-D)	
	Low value (function of the scale): 0/200.0 %	0.0 %
	High value (function of the scale): 0/200.0 %	200.0 %
	Delay time: 0.0/99.9 sec	0 sec
*	Alarm for max. activation time on SA (Set-point A): ON/OFF	OFF
*	Max. activation time for SA: 0/60 minutes	60 min.
*	Alarm for max. activation time on SB (Set-point B): ON/OFF	OFF
*	Max. activation time for SB: 0/60 minutes	60 min.
*	Contact type (activated/deactivated): ACT/DEA	ACT
	Relay contact: SPST 220V 5Amp resistive	
CLE	ANING (Relay D)	
*	Action: Disabled/Manual Clean/Auto+Manual Clean	Disabled
	Auto Clean:	
	Repetition time: 0.1/24.0h	24.0h
*	Cleaning time: 0.5/60.0"	15.0"
*	Hold time (hold of analog output,	
	deactivation of Set-point A and B and Alarm C): 0.1/20.0' Relay contact: SPST (N.O.)	3.0'

AN	ALOG OUTPUT Nº1	
*	Input related to analog output (only for option 091.3711): PPM/°C	PPM
*	Output range: 0-20/4-20 mA	0/20 mA
*	Point 1 (corresponding to 0 mA or 4 mA): mmHg/%air: 0.0/200.0	0.0%
	PPM/mg/l: 0.00/20.00	
*	Point 2 (corresponding to 20 mA): mmHg/%air: 0.0/200.0 PPM/mg/1. 0.00/20.00	200.0%
	Response time: 2.5 sec approx. for 98 %	
	Isolation: 250 Vca	
	Rmax: 600 ohm	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AN	ALOG OUTPUT N°2 (only for Option 091.3711)	Default

AN	ALOG OUTPUT N°2 (only for Option 091.3711)	Default
*	Input related to analog output: PPM/°C	PPM
*	Output range: 0-20/4-20 mA	0/20 mA
*	Point 1 (corresponding to 0 mA or 4 mA):	0.0%
	mmHg/%air: 0.0/200.0	
	PPM/mg/l: 0.00/20.00	
*	Point 2 (corresponding to 20 mA):	200.0%
	mmHg/%air: 0.0/200.0	
	PPM/mg/l. 0.00/20.00	
	Response time: 2.5 sec approx. for 98 %	
	Isolation: 250 Vca	
	Rmax: 600 ohm	

CONFIGURATION (*)	Default
Free calibration (Access number not required):	
keyboard locked/Unlocked	Unlocked
LČD Display contrast (0/7)	4
Access number required:	
Sensor type	250nA-P
Microtransmitter: On/Off	Off
D.O. input scales: mmHg/%air/PPM /mg/l	% air
Thermocompensation type: Table/Coefficient	Table
Thermocompensation coefficient	2,3 %/°C
Calibration mode	Immediate
Polarization voltage of the cell	675 mV
RT Large software filter	2.0 sec
RT Small software filter	10.0 sec
Input related to analog output N°1 (Option 091.3711)	% air
Analog output N°1 range	0/20 mA
Point 1 (x mA minimum)	0.0
Point 2 (x mA maximum)	200.0
Input related to analog output N°2 (Option 091.3711)	% air
Analog output N°2 range (Option 091.3711)	0/20 mA
Point 1 (x mA minimum) (Option 091.3711)	0.0
Point 2 (x mA maximum) (Option 091.3711)	200.0
Relay A function	LO
Relay B function	LO
Alarm for max. activation time on SA	OFF
Max. activation time for SA	60 m
Alarm for max. activation time on SB	OFF

Max. activation time for SB	60 m
Alarm relay contact function	ACT
Cleaning function	Disabled
Cleaning time	15.0 sec
Hold time	3.0 min
Configuration access code number: 0/999	0

#### **GENERAL SPECIFICATION**

Alphanumeric display: 1 line x 16 character Acquisition time: 0,1" Updating time for main measure: 0,4" Operating Temperature: 0/50 °C Ambient Humidity: 95% without condensation

Power supply: 110/220 Vac +/- 10% 50/60 Hz Isolation: 4000 volt between primary and secondary (IEC 348) Power consumption: 5 VA max. Terminal boards: extractable Net weight: 850 gr. Housing: DIN 43700 96 x 96 Dimension: 96 x 96 x 155 mm.

# 3 INSTALLATION

#### Packing list

The instrument packaging contain:

- N° 1 instrument with serial number label
- N° 2 brackets for panel mounting
- N° 1 English instruction manual according to IEC N° 278 standard
- N° 1 warranty certificate with Technical Assistance card, included in the instruction manual.

#### Unpackagin of the instrument

- 1) Remove from the packaging the instruction manual containing the warranty certificate.
- 2) Open the packaging and remove the instrument enclosed in a plastic transparent bag.
- 3) Remove the transparent bag preserving the two brackets.

#### <u>Storage</u>

For long storage periods hold the instrument in a dry place.

# 3.1 CONTROLLER INSTALLATION

The instrument can be installed near the sensor or in a distant area, in the electrical cabinet.

The panel mounting should be made in a unbending surface, in a position protected from humidity, corrosive fumes and casual collisions.

The picture 3 shows the instrument dimensions and the panel cut-out dimensions.

- Introduce the instrument in the cut panel.
- Mount the two fastening brackets on the two sides of the instrument, with the screw head turned to the back of the instrument.
- Screw on the two fastening brackets until a complete blockage of the housing.

In the field mounting application, the use of a protection cabinet will assure a long time reliability; it is also available a transparent cover with IP55 protection level (mod. SZ7601).

# 3.2 SENSOR INSTALLATION

See the instruction manual of the sensor.

# 3.3 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

#### Safety rules

Before connecting the power supply to the instrument perform the followings check:

- check that the terminal 4 is connected to ground and that all connection are all correct
- check that the connection wires are well fastened to the terminal block

# WARNING

The failure coming from erroneous connections is not covered by warranty

Refer to the back panel printing described in Figure 2.

All the connections are made with extractable terminal blocks on the back panel.

The power connections are on the lower terminal block (13 positions). The input and output signals are on the upper terminal block (12 positions).

#### Connecting the power

- terminal <u>4</u> connect to the ground
- terminals <u>1-2</u> connect to the ac power (if power is 110 V)

- terminals <u>1-3</u> connect to the ac power (if power is 220 V)

(If 091.404 option is installed, connect 24 VAC to 1-3 terminals)

# WARNINGS

- power the device by means of an isolation transformer
- avoid mains-voltage from an auto-transformer
- avoid mains voltage from a branch point with heavy inductive loads
- separate power supply wires from signal ones
- control the mains voltage value
- an internal device protects the unit against power overloads. Disconnect the power and wait few minutes before powering again.

#### Connecting the Cell or Microtransmitter

- Use original cables suggested by the sensor manufacturer.
- Avoid interruption on the cable if a high insulation terminal block is not available. Keep the cable away from power wires on the overall length.

#### Polarographic cell

- terminal <u>20</u> connect to the cathode (Platinum electrode)
- terminal <u>19</u> connect to the anode (Silver electrode)
- terminals <u>21-22</u> install a jumper

#### Galvanic cell

- terminal <u>22</u>
- terminal <u>21</u> - terminals <u>21-22</u>

connect to the cathode (Platinum or Silver electrode) connect to the anode (Lead electrode) remove the jumper

#### Sensor with microtransmitter

Refer to operating instruction of this special sensor.

#### Connecting the RTD

The Temperature readout and the automatic Temperature compensation is provided by connecting the Pt100.

If the Temperature sensor is not connected or damaged, the unit will operate in manual Temperature compensation automatically.

#### 3-wire connection

- terminal 23 connect to the Pt100 - terminals 24 - 25 connect to the Pt100 common

#### 2-wire connection

- terminals	23 - 24	connect to the Pt100
- terminals	24 - 25	install a jumper between terminals

#### Connecting a recorder

Connect to terminals  $\frac{14-16}{15-16}$  for the 1st channel output Connect to terminals  $\frac{15-16}{15-16}$  for the 2nd channel output (091.3711 option)

- terminal 14	connect to the terminal $(+)$ of the recorder N°1
torminal 15	connect to the terminal $\overline{(+)}$ of the recorder No2

- terminal  $\frac{15}{16}$  connect to the terminal (+) of the recorder N°2 - terminal  $\frac{15}{16}$  connect to the terminal (-) of the two recorder

Series connection is required for driving more loads having a total input Resistance lower than 600 ohm for each channel.

#### Connecting alarms, pumps, valves

Regulators output are available on the instrument terminal block by means of relay contacts relating to set-point A and B.

RELAY "A" SET-POINT "SA"

terminal <u>6</u> marked <u>C</u>	common contact
terminal 5 marked NO	normally open contact
terminal <u>7</u> marked <u>NC</u>	normally closed contact

RELAY "B" SET-POINT "SB"

terminal <u>9</u> marked <u>C</u>	common contact
terminal <u>8</u> marked <u>NO</u>	normally open contact
terminal <u>10</u> marked <u>NC</u>	normally closed contact
RELAY "C" ALARM	

terminal <u>12</u> marked <u>C</u>	common contact
terminal <u>11</u> marked <u>NO</u>	normally open contact

Arc suppressor

Install a suitable snubber between relay terminals if the relay activation causes interferences on the display. (B&C Electronics snubber SX101)

#### Connecting cleaning system

To activate the external cleaning device, use the following relay contacts.

#### RELAY "D" SENSOR CLEANING

terminal <u>12</u> marked <u>C</u> terminal <u>13</u> marked <u>NO</u> common contact normally open contact

# 3.4 OPERATING THE SYSTEM

#### Checking

Before connecting the system to the power supply:

- check that all cables are properly fastened to prevent strain on the connections
- check that all terminal-strip connections are mechanically and electrically sound
- check that power voltage is correct

#### Pre-operation check

The system's controls and indicators are all located on the front panel (see Fig.1).

The meter has a LCD display 1 indicating that the unit is on.

The cards of the controllers are adjusted at the factory.

If sensors have been connected correctly, as described in the above sections, the system should function correctly needing only the start up and the parameters calibrations as described in the following section.

#### Quick start guide

The unit may be installed for the following purposes:

- measuring
- measuring and regulation
- measuring, regulation and recording

The instrument is shipped with factory calibration and configuration suitable for the most popular applications.

For this reason the operation may require just the following steps:

measuring

- 1. Connect the cell to the meter.
- 2. Power the instrument. The instrument will show the Display (D0).
- 3. The instrument is pre-configured for polarographic cell SZ654.1. Access the Configuration menu to select other cell types.

From Display (D0) press 9 times to start the Configuration sequences Eventually select the secondary parameters.

4. The instrument is pre-arranged for automatic calibration. Perform the Dissolved Oxygen calibration in air.

#### measuring and regulation

Add the following to the preceding operations:

- 1. Press  $\begin{bmatrix} CAL \\ go to the step 2. \end{bmatrix}$  to go to the manual operation. If the automatic mode is selected,
- 2. A and B relay are configured as LOW (Minimum). Select HIGH (Maximum) if necessary.
- 3. Select the Set-point, the Hysteresis and the Delay of A and B relay. From (D0) press 4 times <sup>MODE</sup> to start the Set-point A selection sequence.

From (D0) press 5 times  $\frac{MODE}{DISP}$  to start the Set-point B selection sequence.

- 4. The alarm on the activation time of A and B relay is deactivated. Activate this kind of alarm if necessary.
- 5. Select alarm values of min/max and delay if necessary.
   From (D0) press 6 times to start the alarm selection sequence.

measuring, regulation and recording

Add the following to the preceding operations:

- 1. Analog output is configured as PPM at 0/20 mA corresponding to the input scale. Select 4/20 mA and a suitable input span if necessary.
- 2. If option 091.3711 is installed, follow the step 1. for the second output. This option allows to select the analog output as °C scale.

#### Manual operation

When the instrument is programmed for the manual operation (see Calibration sequences) the flashing "M" will appear on the display.

Analog outputs and alarm relay will remain activated.



while pressing the key, A relay will be activated.



while pressing the key, B relay will be activated.

# 4 KEYBOARD

<u>KEY</u>	<u>FUNCTION</u>
MODE DISP	<ul> <li>it allows the operator to go to the next Display</li> <li>it allows to go back to the main Display.</li> <li>The eventual new parameter values will not be memorized</li> </ul>
CAL	- it allows the access of calibration sequences
	<ul> <li>it allows to increase the displayed parameters</li> <li>it allows to choose between different functions</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>- it allows to decrease the displayed parameters</li> <li>- it allows to choose between different functions</li> </ul>
ENT	- it allows to enter the selected data and to return to the main Display <b>D0</b>

# 5 READOUT SEQUENCES

Applying the power to the instrument the display will shows for 3 seconds the type of cell selected, then will shows the main Display (D0).

O2 meter 250nAP

250nA-P nominal Current value for Polarographic cell
(45nA-P) " "
(300nA-P) " " "
(30mV-G) nominal Voltage value for Galvanic cell



to visualize the following Display:

D0	XXX %airM ∎AL□ BH	Dissolved Oxygen value, set-point status/functions
D1	xxx.x%air xx.x°C	Dissolved Oxygen and Temperature values
D2	P:xxx sal: xxxxx	Barometric Pressure and Salinity values for the compensation
D3	TEMP.: xx.x°CM	Temperature value
D4	SA:xxx %air* ∎ LO	Set-point A parameters
D5	SB:xxx %air* ∎ HI	Set-point B parameters
D6	AL xxx/xxx %air	Alarm Parameters
D7	CLEANING OFF	Cleaning function
D8	01 xx.xmA/xxx %a	Analog output Nr.1 /input values

D8BIS	02 xx.xmA/xxx %a	Analog output Nr.2 /input values
D9	Configuration	Configuration Display
D10	OD7685 R2.2x	Instrument code and Software release

-----

(D0)

XXX %airM ∎AL□ BH

Dissolved Oxygen value, set-point status/functions

xxx %air (PPM) (mg/l) (mmHg)	D.Oxygen value and m	
(>>>>) (<<<<) (flashing)	value higher than the fu value is negative (unde system in alarm	
(M flashing)	manual operating mode	2
□ A (■ A) (■ A)	relay A deactivated relay A with delayed ac relay A activated	ctivation
□ B (■ B) (■ B)	relay B deactivated relay B with delayed ac relay B activated	ctivation
L H	relay programmed for r relay programmed for r	
<u>MESSAGE</u>		<u>MEANING</u>
"CLEANING" "HOLDING"		cleaning cycle activated holding time cycle



to activate the procedure of the manual/automatic mode selection.

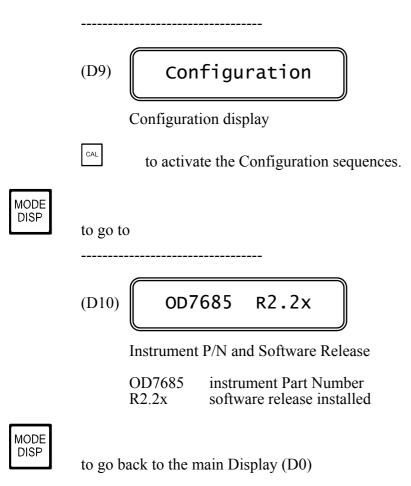
MODE DISP

to go to

(D1)	xxx.x%air xx.x°C	
	Dissolved Oxygen and Tempera	Juture values
	xxx.x %air	Dissolved Oxygen value (with one more digit)
	xx.x°C	measuring unit selected Temperature value
CAL	to activate the calibration seque	nce.
to go	to	
(D2)	P:xxx sal: xxxxx	
	Barometric Pressure and Salinity	y values of the sample
		ssure value (mmHg) of the sample (PPM)
CAL	to activate the secondary parame	eters calibration sequence.
to go	to	
(D3)	TEMP.: xx.x°CM	
	Temperature value	
	xx.xTemperature valueMOnly in manual Ter	nperature
CAL	to activate the Temperature calil value selection.	bration or the procedure of the manual Temperature
to go	to	

	(D4)	SA:xxx %air* ■ LO
		Set-point A parameters
		SAset-point A parametersxxx %airset-point value in % of air■set-point A status (relay activated)LOselected function (minimum)*alarm function on Set-point A is selected
	CAL	to activate the Set-point value, Hysteresis and Delay time programming sequences.
MODE DISP	to go 1	to
	(D5)	SB:xxx %air* ■ HI
		Set-point B parameters
		SBset-point B parametersxxx %airset-point value in % of air■set-point B status (relay activated)HIselected function (maximum)*alarm function on Set-point B is selected
	CAL	to activate the Set-point value, Hysteresis and Delay time programming sequences.
MODE DISP		
	to go t	to
	(D6)	AL xxx/xxx %air
		Alarm parameters
		ALDissolved Oxygen values alarm (% air)xxxLow alarm valuexxx.xHigh alarm value
	CAL	to activate the Alarm value programming sequences.

MODE DISP	to go t 	.0
	(D7)	CLEANING OFF
		Cleaning function
		OFF cleaning function disabled (ON) cleaning function enabled
		MANUAL CLEAN manual cleaning activation (AUTO CLEAN) automatic cleaning activation
	CAL	to activate the Cleaning function programming sequences.
MODE DISP	to go t	0
	(D8)	01 xx.xmA/xxx %a
		Analog output N°1 value and input measuring value
		01 analog output N°1 xx.xmA: current value output in mA xxx %air input measuring value in % of air (PPM, mg/l, mmHg)
MODE DISP	to go t	
	to go t 	
	(D8BIS)	02 xx.xmA/xxx %a
		Analog output N°2 value and input measuring value
		02 analog output N°2 xx.xmA: current value output in mA xxx %air input measuring value in % of air (PPM, mg/l, mmHg, °C)
MODE DISP	to go t	0



# 6 CALIBRATION SEQUENCES

The following procedures are accessible only if the Keyboard is unlocked.

To unlock the keyboard follow the instruction of the Chapter 7 "Configuration".

Following procedures allow the operator to perform the sensors calibration and the Set-point/Alarm parameters programming.

The sequence (1, 2, ....) helps the operator to following the regular calibration sequence.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** During the calibration procedure the microprocessor turn the unit to the main display if no keys have been pressed within 5 minutes (30 minutes for ISE calibration sequences).

# 6.1 MANUAL/AUTOMATIC MODE

Normally the instrument works in automatic mode. Follows this procedure only to switch the instrument operating mode.

1.	MODE DISP	to go to	
	(D0)	XXX %airM ∎AL□ BH	
2.	CAL	to access the operating mode selection	
		CAL MODE: AUTO	
		AUTO automatic mode (MANUAL) manual mode	
	MODE DISP	to stop the procedure	
3.		to select the operating mode	
4.		to confirm the selected operating mode and to go back to (D0)	
		<u>MESSAGE</u>	<u>MEANING</u>
		" UPDATE "	the new parameter is stored and the instrument goes back to (D0)

# 6.2 ZERO AND SENSITIVITY CALIBRATION

This procedure allows to:

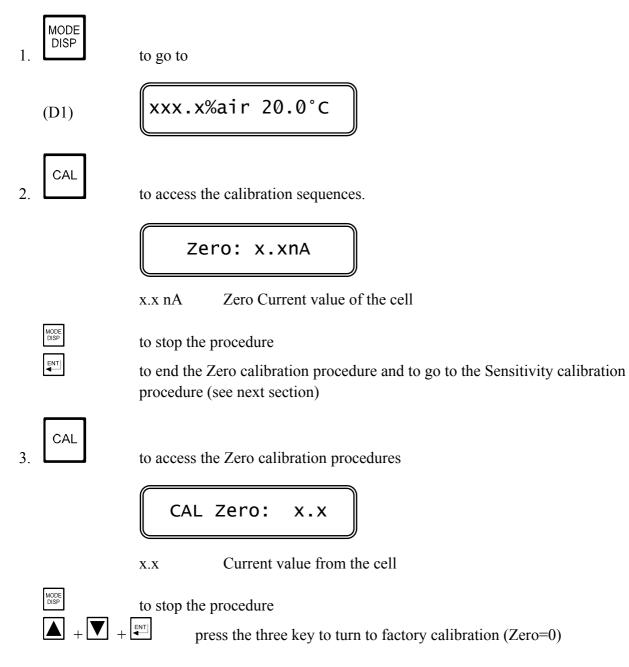
- visualize the Zero Current value, to confirm the value and to go to the visualization of the Sensitivity.

- access to the Zero calibration sequence

Before calibrating is necessary:

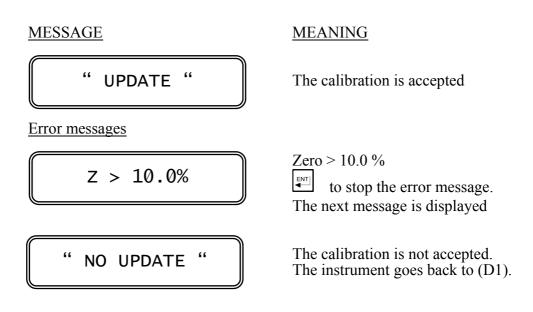
- to verify the correct programming of the Secondary parameters in D2.
- to prepare a solution without Dissolved Oxygen if Zero calibration has to be performed.

# ZERO CALIBRATION





to end the Zero calibration procedure and to go to the Sensitivity calibration sequence.



See Chapter 10 "Troubleshooting" if error messages turn up.

#### SENSITIVITY CALIBRATION

The Sensitivity calibration can be performed in one of the three methods:

- immediate automatic calibration in air	(procedure A)
- immediate manual calibration	(procedure B)
- postponed manual calibration	(procedure C)

The selection immediate or postponed is done in the Configuration menu

#### NOTE 1

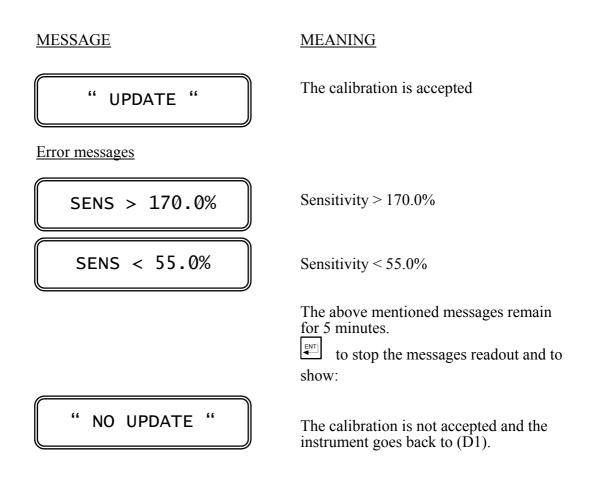
Before memorizing the calibration value the instrument check for his stability showing the flashing message 'R' (READY) until the stability is reached.

When the stability is reached, the instrument shows the steady message 'R'.

If the stability is not reached for several causes, the operator can go ahead with the procedure by pressing  $\$ . In this case the instrument will show for approx. 1" the message:

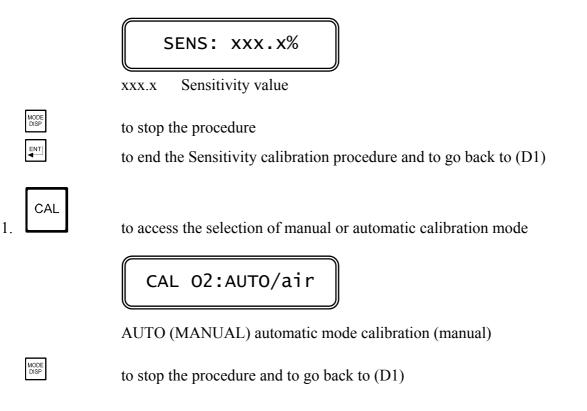
#### NOTE 2

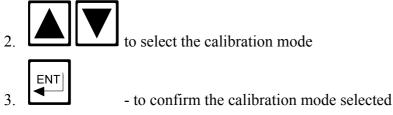
At the end of the Sensitivity calibration procedure the instrument will show one of the following messages:



See Chapter 10 "Troubleshooting" if error messages turn up.

After the Zero calibration, the procedure begins with the following display:





- to go to the Sensitivity calibration sequence in automatic (procedure A) or manual (procedures B or C).

#### (procedure A.) <u>AUTOMATIC SENSITIVITY CALIBRATION</u>

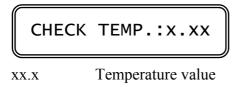
It is the regular calibration method, therefore it is automatically proposed at this point of the procedure.

Refer to the Chapter 8 "Calibration".

Carry out the following operations:

- remove the cell from the sample

- make sure that the sensor is dry
- bring the sensor in air with a known Relative Humidity



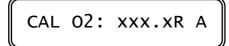
Before proceeding, check for the Temperature value stability, to avoid calibration errors.



to stop the procedure and to go back to (D1)



to access the calibration procedure



xxx.xDissolved Oxygen measuring valueRmeasuring stability indicatorAautomatic calibration procedure



to stop the procedure and to go back to (D1)

+ ers the 3 keys to turn to the Sensitivity factory calibration and to go back to (D1)



to end the calibration procedure and to go back to (D1)

See Chapter 10 "Troubleshooting" if error messages turn up.

(procedures B. and C.) MANUAL SENSITIVITY CALIBRATION

Two types of manual calibration can be selected in the "Configuration" menu:

- Immediate calibration (procedure B.)

- Postponed calibration (procedure C.)

# **IMMEDIATE CALIBRATION**

It is suitable when the D.Oxygen contents are stable or known.

The Display will show for few seconds the message:



then the following Display will be shown:

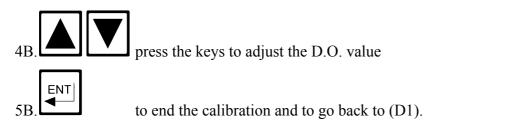
CAL 02: XXX.XR M

XXX.X	Dissolved Oxygen measuring value
R	measuring stability indicator
М·	manual calibration procedure

manual calibration procedure

to stop the procedure and to go back to (D1)

ENT press the 3 keys to turn to the Sensitivity factory calibration and to go back to (D1)



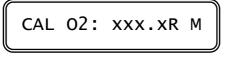
#### POSTPONED CALIBRATION

It is suitable when the D.Oxygen contents are not stable or unknown.

The Display will show for few seconds the message:

SAMPLE VAL.	REC.
-------------	------

VAL. REC. sample value memorization



Dissolved Oxygen measuring value XXX.X measuring stability indicator R M: manual calibration procedure



to stop the procedure and to go to (D1)

press the 3 keys to turn to the Sensitivity factory calibration and to go back to (D1)

Withdraw a sample to check the concentration:



to memorize D.O. value of the sample; the following message will be displayed:



After few seconds the instrument goes back to Display (D1) and it is ready to continue in the normal operation.

To end the postponed Sensitivity calibration it is necessary:

- to have the correct Dissolved Oxygen value from the analyzed sample

- to select the Display (D1)

- to access again to the manual Sensitivity calibration procedure

The display will show the message:



Afterwards the Display will show the previous memorized value



D.O. value to be changed according to the analyzed sample value XXX.X



to stop the procedure and to go to (D1)



 $\mathbf{A}$  +  $\mathbf{V}$  +  $\mathbf{V}$  press the 3 keys to turn to the Sensitivity factory calibration



to adjust the D.O. value



to end the postponed Sensitivity calibration value and to go back to (D1)

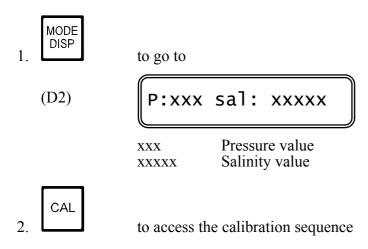
See Chapter 10 "Troubleshooting" if error messages turn up.

# 6.3 SECONDARY PARAMETERS CALIBRATION

This procedure allows programming the following parameters:

- Barometric Pressure
- Salinity
- Relative Humidity
- Temperature

These parameters will be used by the instrument to access the memorized compensation table.



Barometric Pressure calibration

CAL p: xxx mmHg

p xxx mmHg Barometric Pressure value selected



4

to stop the procedure and to go back to (D2)



to confirm the new value and to go to the Salinity Calibration procedure

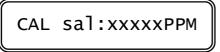




MEANING

the new value has been memorized

Salinity calibration



xxxxx PPM Salinity value selected

to stop the procedure and to go back to (D2)



ENT

6.

MODE DISP

to program the Salinity value

to confirm the new value and to go to the Relative Humidity calibration procedure

<u>MESSAGE</u>

\_\_\_\_\_

<u>MEANING</u>

the new value has been memorized

Relative Humidity calibration



xxx% Relative Humidity value selected

to stop the procedure and to go back to (D2)



ENT

8

MODE DISP

to program the Relative Humidity value

to confirm the new value and to go back to (D2)

" UPDATE '

### MESSAGE

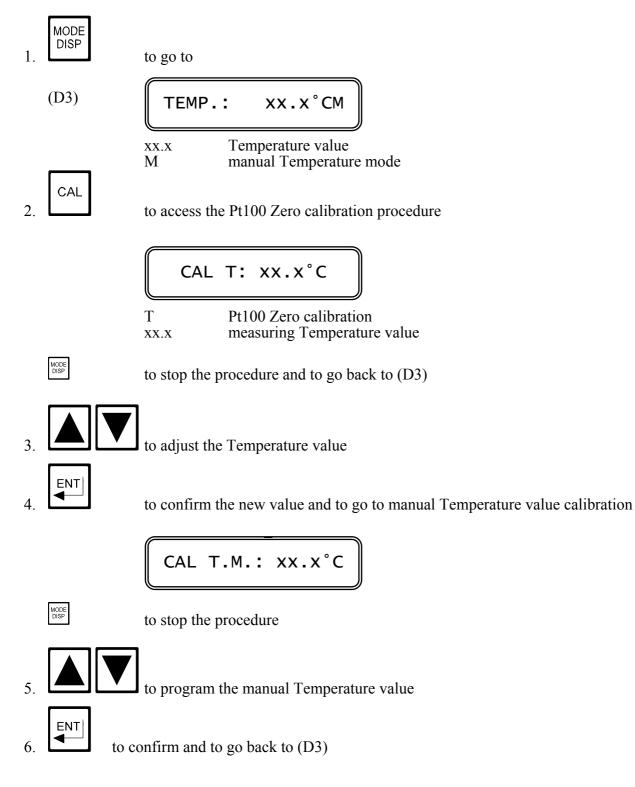
#### **MEANING**

" UPDATE "

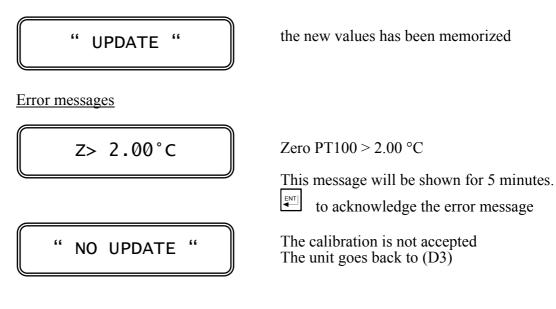
the new value has been memorized

#### **Temperature calibration**

This calibration should be performed with a reference Thermometer.



#### MESSAGE

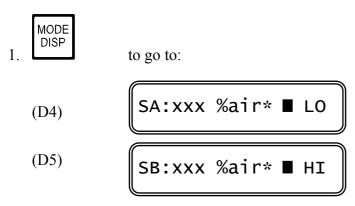


**MEANING** 

### 6.4 SET-POINT A/B SETTING

For each set-point it is possible:

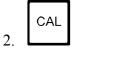
- to insert the set-point
- to insert the hysteresis
- to insert the delay time



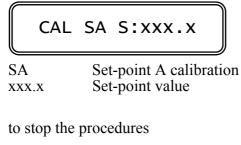
The following procedures are suitable for both set-point A and B.

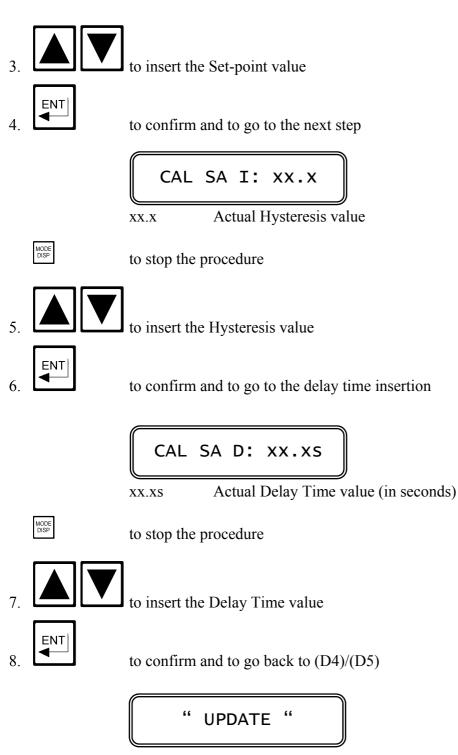
Set value

MODE DISP



to access the calibration sequences



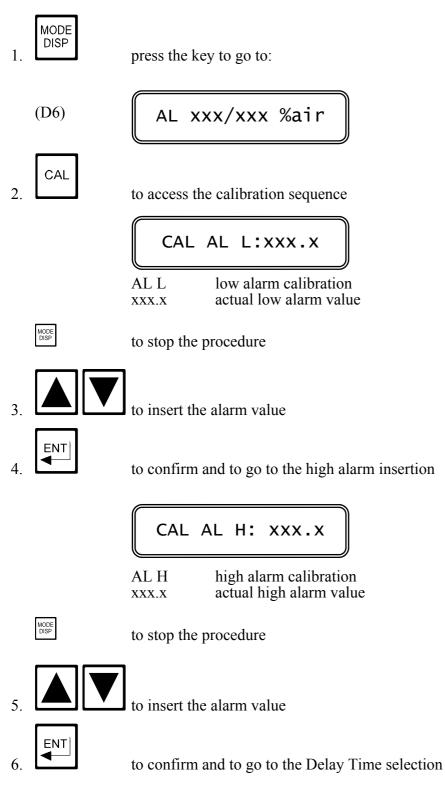


The calibration is accepted.

## 6.5 ALARM SETTING

This procedure allows to:

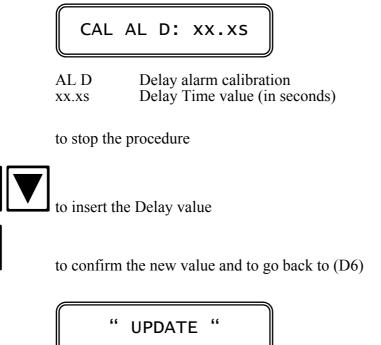
- select the min/max alarm value
- select the Delay Time alarm value



MODE DISP

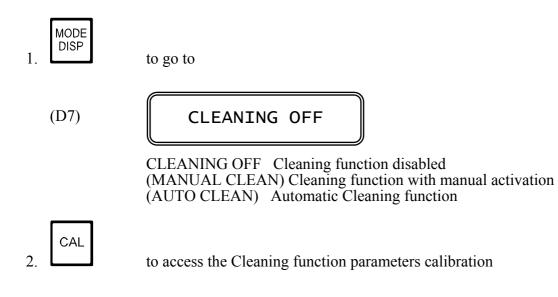
7

8



the calibration is accepted

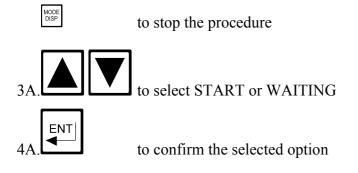
## 6.6 CLEANING FUNCTION



#### Manual clean

The following message will be shown:

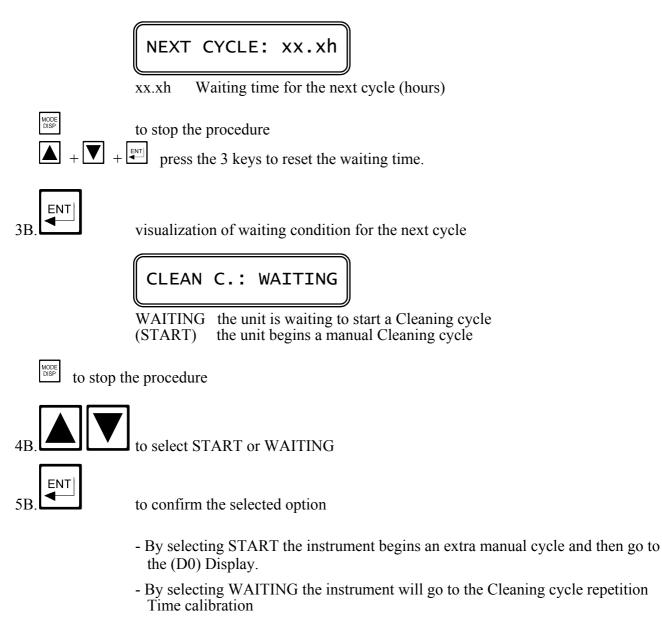
CLEAN	C.: WAITING	
WAITING (START)	the unit is waiting to cleaning cycle starting	start a Cleaning cycle



- By selecting START the instrument begins a manual Cleaning cycle and the (D0) Display will be shown.
- By selecting WAITING the instrument go back to (D7)

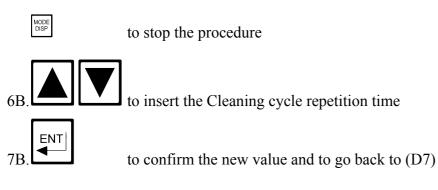
#### Automatic functioning (AUTO CLEAN)

The instrument will show the waiting time for the next Cleaning cycle



## REPETITION:xx.xh

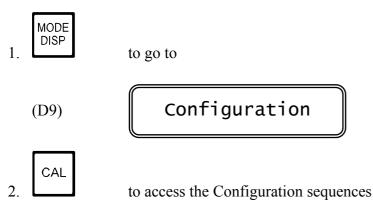
xx.xh: Cleaning cycle repetition time (hours)



# 7 CONFIGURATION

The following operations are possible:

- keyboard locked/unlocked selection
- display contrast selection
- access number insertion



## 7.1 KEYBOARD LOCKED/UNLOCKED



Unlocked (Locked) Keyboard unlocked (locked)



to go back to (D9)



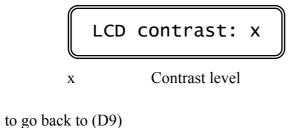
to select locked or unlocked

4.

MODE DISP to confirm and to go to the next step

## 7.2 LCD DISPLAY CONTRAST

This procedure allows the operator to select up to 7 different levels of Display Contrast, in a way to get a better visibility of the Display.

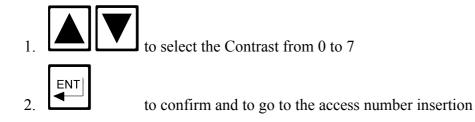


MODE DISP

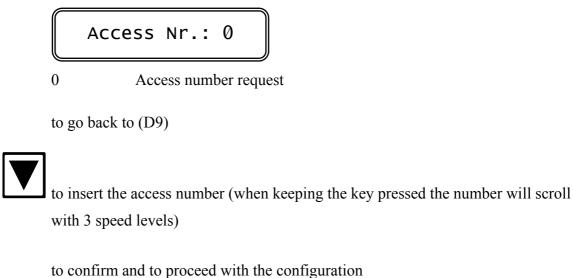
ENT

1.

2.



## 7.3 ACCESS NUMBER



to comminate to proceed with the coming

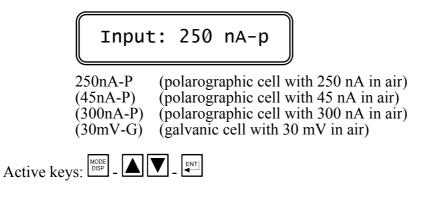
MESSAGE

'Cal Inhibition'

#### MEANING

a wrong number has been selected; it is only allowed the visualization of the parameters and not the modification.

## 7.4 CELL TYPE



## 7.5 MICROTRANSMITTER SELECTION

By using a sensor with microtransmitter (080610.2) the option ON has to be selected.

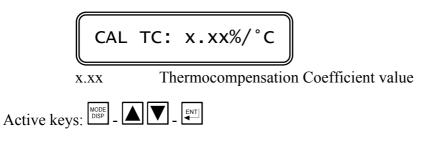
	Mic	rot.: OFF	
	OFF (ON)	Microtransmitter input disal Microtransmitter input enab	
	Active keys: MODE -		
7.6	MEASURING UNIT	Γ	
	02 S	scale: %air	
	%air (PPM) (mg/l) (mmHg)	scale in % of air saturation scale in PPM scale in mg/l scale in mm of Mercury	
	Active keys: DISP -		

## 7.7 THERMOCOMPENSATION TYPE

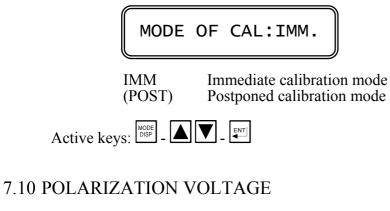
TERM	OC.: TABLE
TABLE (COEFF.)	the instrument use the memorized tables the instrument use the Thermocompensation Coefficient
Active keys: DISP -	

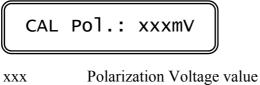
By selecting COEFF. the instrument will go to the Coefficient selection procedure.

### 7.8 THERMOCOMPENSATION COEFFICIENT



## 7.9 CALIBRATION MODE





Adjust the Polarization Voltage by means of the trimmer accessible removing the back panel.

Active keys:	MODE DISP	_		_	
Active Keys.	· · · · ·				

### 7.11 SOFTWARE FILTER

Large s RT:xx.xs
Large s RT xx.xs Response time for wide variations Response time value(sec.)
Active keys: DISP - A - ENT
Small s RT:xx.xs
Small s RT xx.xsResponse time for small variations Response time value (sec.)
Active keys: DISP - A

## 7.12 INPUT RELARED TO ANALOG OUTPUT N°1 (OPTION 091.3711)

CAL OUT1:%air
%air (PPM, mg/l, mmHg) input related to output N°1 (°C)
Active keys: $\square SP = \blacksquare \square \square \square = \blacksquare$
7.13 ANALOG OUTPUT N°1 RANGE
CAL OUT1: 0/20mA
0/20mA (4/20mA) output range
Active keys: $\square D = \square I = \square I = \square I$
CAL P1:xxx.x%air
P1 begin of the range xxx.x measuring value related to 0(4) mA.
Active keys: $\square D = \square D$
CAL P2:xxx.x%air
P2 end of the range xxx.x measuring value related to 20 mA.
Active keys: $\boxed{\text{MODE}}$ - $\boxed{\text{LISP}}$ - $\boxed{\text{ENT}}$

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** If the value related to P1 is lower than the value related to P2, the analog output will be "Direct", otherwise it will be "Reverse".

### 7.14 INPUT RELATED TO ANALOG OUTPUT N°2 (OPTION 091.3711)

CAL OUT2: %ai	r
%air (PPM, mg/l, mmHg)	input related to output N°2 (°C)
Active keys: DISP - A - L	

## 7.15 ANALOG OUTPUT N°2 RANGE

CAL OUT2: 0/20mA
0/20mA (4/20mA) output range
Active keys: $\overset{\text{MODE}}{\text{DISP}}$ - $\bigwedge$ $\bigvee$ - $\overset{\text{ENT}}{\checkmark}$
CAL P1:xxx.x%air
P1 begin of the range xxx.x measuring value related to 0(4) mA
Active keys: $\overset{MODE}{DISP}$ - $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$ - $\overset{ENT}{\checkmark}$
CAL P2:xxx.x%air
P2 end of the range xxx.x measuring value related to 20 mA.
Active keys: DISP - A

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** If the value related to P1 is lower than the value related to P2, the analog output will be "Direct", otherwise it will be "Reverse".

### 7.16 SET-POINT A FUNCTION

SET A F.: LO
F function LO (HI) minimum (maximum)
Active keys: $\square D = \square D$
7.17 SET-POINT B FUNCTION

SET	- B F.: LO
F LO (HI)	function minimum (maximum)
Active keys: Active keys:	

## 7.18 ALARM ON SET-POINT A

AL SET A: ON
AL SET A. ON
ON (OFF) alarm enabled (disabled)
Active keys: $\square P = \blacksquare \square P = \blacksquare$
- By selecting OFF the alarm function is not activated. The unit goes to the next parameter calibration.
- By selecting ON the alarm function is activated. (When the relay B will be active longer than the time selected in the following procedure).
TIME SET A: XX M
xx m Activation time selected (minutes)
Active keys: $\square \square
7.19 ALARM ON SET-POINT B
AL SET B: ON
ON (OFF) alarm enabled (disabled)
Active keys: $\square \square
- By selecting OFF the alarm function is not activated. The unit goes to the next parameter calibration.
- By selecting ON the alarm function is activated. (When the relay B will be active longer than the time selected in the following procedure).
TIME SET B: XX M
xx m Activation time selected (minutes)
Active keys: $\square P = \square P = \square P$

## 7.20 ALARM RELAY C CONTACTS

Select one of the following Display:

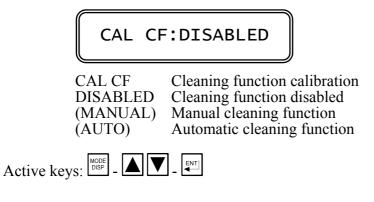
		AL	RELAY:	ACT
--	--	----	--------	-----

ACT (DEA) relay activated (deactivated) when the alarm is active

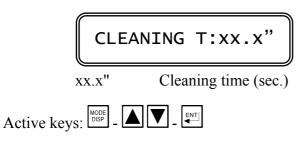
			 -		
Active keys:	MODE DISP	_	▼	_	

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** By selecting DEA, it is necessary to modify some Jumpers on the Power supply board (contact the Service Department).

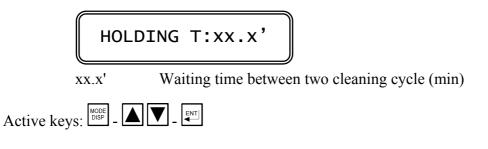
### 7.21 CLEANING FUNCTION



7.22 CLEANING TIME (RELAY D ON)



## 7.23 HOLDING TIME



## 7.24 NEW ACCESS NUMBER

Change A Nr.:NO
NO (YES) access number changing not required (required)
Active keys: $\boxed{\text{Disp}}$ - $\boxed{\textbf{A}}$ $\boxed{\textbf{V}}$ - $\boxed{\text{ENT}}$
<ul><li>By selecting NO the unit will go to the Configuration display</li><li>By selecting YES the unit will go to the following display:</li></ul>
New Nr.: xxx
xxx actual access number
Active keys: $\square D P = \blacksquare \square P = \blacksquare$
The instrument ask the operator to insert again the new access number.

Confirm	Nr.:xxx



actual access number

The double insertion of the new access number assures the memorization of the right code.

As soon as the new number is memorized the message "UPDATE" will appear. Should the operator insert two different numbers, the instrument will not modify the access number and the message "NO UPDATE" will be shown.



Press several time the key to verify the selected parameters before leaving

the Configuration routine.



Press to exit from the Configuration menu.

## 8 CALIBRATION

#### Zero cell calibration

The Zero cell calibration is necessary at the start up of the system, after the installation of a new cell and after the cell maintenance is done.

The calibration consists of the Zero Current compensation, setting the cell response to the standard operating condition of the instrument.

The calibration sequence consists of a Zero value visualization, in order to perform the new Zero calibration or to maintain the previous one.

Dip the sensor in a 2% of Sodium Sulphite solution. The solution should be made at the time of calibration to assure the total lack of Dissolved Oxygen during the calibration.

When the measuring is steady and close to Zero, perform the calibration following the instruction in Chapter 6.2 "Zero and Sensitivity calibration".

After the calibration rinse the sensor with clean water.

The Zero solution can be stored for few days in a dark bottle, without any trace of air.

#### Sensitivity cell calibration

This calibration can be manually or automatically performed.

In the usual application the automatic calibration in air is performed. This method is fast and quite accurate.

Operate as follow:

- Verify that the Pressure, Salinity and Relative Humidity values selected correspond to the real values.

- Select the automatic mode calibration

- Remove the cell from water, let the Temperature value stabilize in air and press the 4 key.

- verify the stability of the Dissolved Oxygen value on the Display and press the key for the autocalibration.

If the measured value is not steady it is necessary to evaluate if proceeding with the calibration or stopping the procedure and check the cell.

As alternative the manual calibration requires the use of a sample with a known D.Oxygen concentration.

Since it is very difficult to have this type of sample, because of some factors that influence the Oxygen concentration (Temperature, Salinity, Barometric Pressure, Oxygen concentration in air), this method is normally used for special applications.

#### Temperature calibration

From display (D0) press  $\frac{MODE}{DISP}$  to access the Temperature calibration sequences.

Immerse the sensor in a liquid with a known Temperature value and verify the correspondence of the measuring.

To adjust the reading, follows the first four points of the procedure described in Chapter 6.3. "Secondary parameters calibration"

#### Electrical check

The following procedures can be used to verify the correct operation of the instrument, eventually they should be performed periodically in the calibration checks.

Turn back the instrument to Zero and Sensitivity factory calibration and proceed as follows:

#### Polarographic cell

- Connect to terminals 19-20 of the instrument a cell Simulator (for instance the mod. OD 105.1 of B&C Electronics).
- Simulate the value 0 nA and check for the value 0.0 on the display.
- Simulate the value 30 nA or 250 nA or 300 nA depending on the type of polarographic cell installed.

In This condition the display will shows 100 %.

Should the instrument measure different values send it back to B&C Electronics.

#### Galvanic cell

- Connect to terminals 21-22 of the instrument a mV generator. Simulate the value 0 mV and check for the value 0.0 on the display. \_
- Simulate the value 30 mV and check for the value 100% on the display.

Should the instrument measure different values send it back to B&C Electronics.

## 9 PREVENTIVE MANTENIANCE

#### **Instrument**

The use of high quality electronics components, gives to the instrument a great reliability. The maintenance frequency is depending of each application.

As for any electronic instrument the mechanical components like relays and the terminal blocks, are the parts subjected to failure.

If the instrument has been supercharged, remove the power supply for 5/10 minutes to allow the reset of the protections.

Check that connections in the terminal blocks are clean and dry.

#### Sensor

The sensor maintenance is prescribed by sensors manufacturer.

Store the sensor with the membrane wet in order to avoid the electrolyte loss.

Remove deposits from the membrane by rinsing with water, eventually using detergents, to avoid the reduction of the membrane life.

Change periodically the membrane and the electrolyte, especially when the measuring response becomes slow and the Zero Current value is too high.

Normally if the Zero value is reached in more than 30 seconds (when the cell is dipped in Zero solution) the change of the membrane and the electrolyte is suggested.

During the membrane changing, avoid any touch of the cathode which is located in the centre of the cell, close to the membrane.

The use of cleaning systems keep the sensor more efficient and reduce the membrane/electrolyte changing frequency.

## **10 TROUBLESHOOTING**

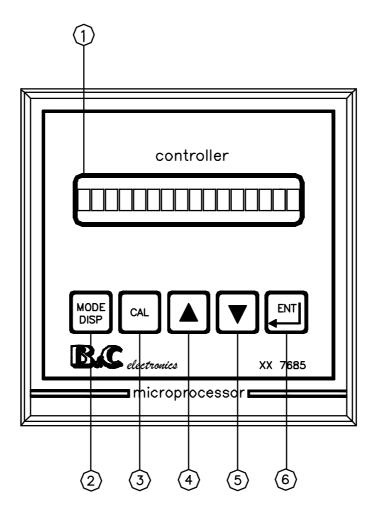
In case of problems in the functioning of the measuring and regulation system it is necessary to locate were they come from:

- wrong connections
  measuring cell maintenance
  measuring cell failure
  wrong configuration of the instrument
  instrument failure

The following table shows the possible cause and relative remedy for the main problems in the instrument use.

PROBLEM	PROBABLE CAUSE	REMEDY
LCD extinguished	Power not connected. Over Voltage	Check the power supply. Wait 10 Sec. for the reset of the protections
Unacceptable measure	Instrument calibration Wrong compensation value. Instrument failure	Calibrate the instrument. Check the compensation of °C-P-UR. Send back the instrument to B&C
Error messages in the Zero calibration	Cell maintenance. Cell failure	Regeneration of the cell. Change the cell.
Error messages in the Sensitivity calibration	Cell maintenance. Cell failure. Wrong type of cell selected	Regeneration of the cell. Change the cell. Verify the configuration of the cell type
Error messages in the Pressure calibration	Pressure sensor failure	Send back the instrument to B&C
The regulation doesn't work	Relay contacts wrong selection. Instrument failure	Verify the relay operating mode selection. Send back the instrument to B&C
Relay chattering if the measuring is close to the Set-point	Interferences on the signal	Connect to the ground the instrument and the sample. Increase the RT filter SW. Increase the Delay time. Increase the Hysteresis.
The recorder doesn't work properly	Recorder not connected or damaged.	Check the connections.
	Wrong configuration of the analog output.	Check the analog output configuration.
	Instrument failure.	Send back the instrument to B&C

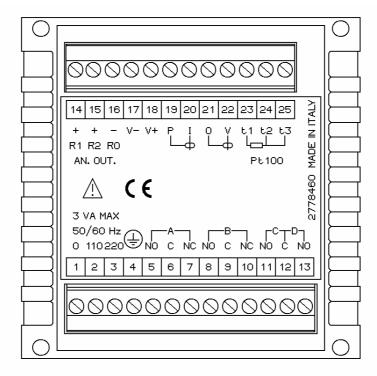




PANFRONT7685 - A4 - 1:1

- 1. Display
- 2. Mode-display key
- 3. Calibration key
- 4. Increase key
- 5. Decrease key
- 6. Enter key

#### REAR PANEL CONNECTIONS



OD7685 rev.A - A4 - 1:1

1.2.	Power supply 110 V
1.3.	Power supply 220 V
4.	Ground
5.6.	Relay A – contact N.O.
6.7.	Relay A – contact N.C.
8.9.	Relay B – contact N.O.
9.10.	Relay B – contact N.C.
11.12.	Relay C – contact N.O. (alarm)
12.13.	Relay D – contact N.O. (cleaning)
14.	Analog output N°1 (+)
15.	Analog output $N^{\circ}2(+)$
16.	Analog output (-) common
17.18.21.22.	Microtransmitter input
23.24.25.	Pt100 input

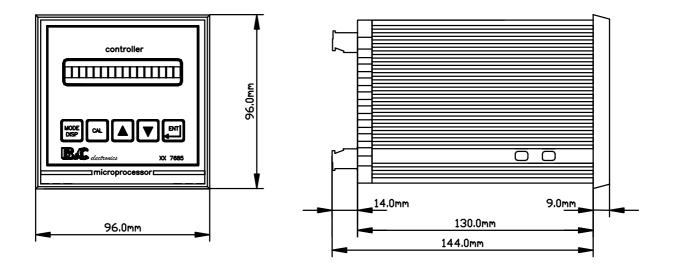
#### POLAROGRAPHIC CELL

#### GALVANIC CELL

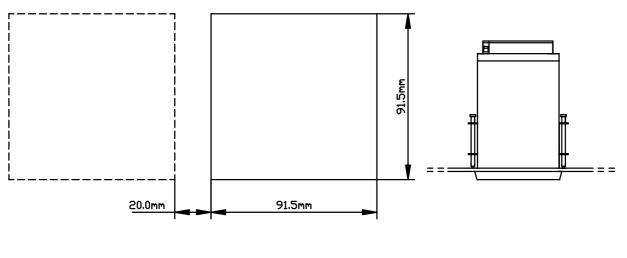
19.	Input Ag (anode)	21.	Input Pb (anode)
20.	Input Pt (cathode)	22.	Input Ag (cathode)
21.22.	External jumper		

#### Fig. 2

#### DIMENSIONS



DRILL PLAN



INGOMBR07685 - A4 -1:2

A4 -1:4

# 11 APPENDIX NR. 1 (VALID FOR OPTION 091.601)

The instrument equipped with this option can measure the Barometric Pressure.

The measuring value can be used to access the conversion table.

The measuring sensor is installed inside the instrument.

In the Configuration procedure it is possible to disable the Pressure measurement and to use the selected manual value.

In case of sensor failure, the instrument automatically switch to manual Pressure value.

### Technical specifications

Change the secondary parameters technical specification with the followings:

Default

SECONDARY PARAMETERS	
Barometric Pressure measuring:	
Sensor type: absolute (40 mV/760 mmHg) Sensor sensitivity: 80%/120%	100%
Measuring range: 500/800 mmHg	10070
External Pressure measuring: Auto/Manual	Auto
Manual Pressure value: 500/800 mmHg	760mmHg
Salinity (Chloride): 0/60000 PPM	0PPM
Relative Humidity: 0/100 %	50%

#### Pressure calibration

The calibration is performed in the factory.

The operator can periodically check the calibration.

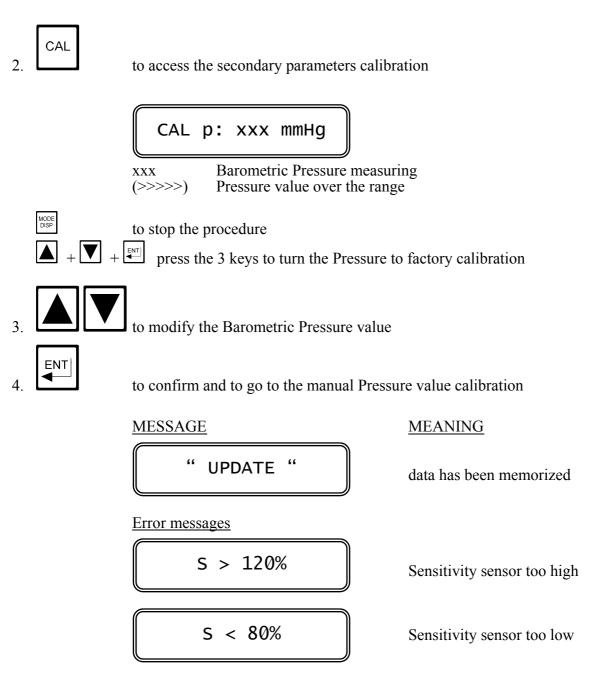
To calibrate the Sensitivity of the sensor, the operator should access to the procedures and program the correct Pressure value.



to go to

xxxPressure valueMManual Pressure

Manual Pressure value xxxxx Salinity value



See Chapter 10 "Troubleshooting" if error messages turn up.

Manual Barometric Pressure value calibration

CAL p	M:xxx mmHg
p M xxx	manual value manual Pressure value
to stop the	procedure



to stop the procedur

5. to insert the manual Pressure value
6. to confirm and to go to Salinity value calibration

From this point follows the procedures of Chapter 6.3. "Secondary parameters calibration"

#### Auto/Man/Pressure configuration

Access the instrument configuration menu and press until the following display:

External	p.:	AUTO

AUTO automatic acquisition of Pressure value (MAN) manual Pressure value



# WARRANTY CERTIFICATE

1) Your product is covered by B&C Electronics Warranty for 5 years from the date of shipment. In order for this Warranty to be valid, the Manufacturer must determine that the instrument failed due to defective materials or workmanship.

2) The Warranty is void if the product has been subject to misuse and abuse, or if the damage is caused by a faulty installation or maintenance.

3) The Warranty includes the repair of the instrument at no charge. All repairs will be completed at the Manufacturer's facilities in Carnate, Italy.

4) B&C Electronics assumes no liability for consequential damages of any kind, and the buyer by accepting this equipment will assume all liability for the consequences of its use by the Customer, his employees, or others.

## REPAIRS

1) In order to efficiently solve your problem, we suggest You to ship the instrument along with the Technical Support's Data Sheet (following page) and a Repair Order.

2) The estimate, if requested by the Customer, is free of charge when it is followed by the Customer confirmation for repair. As opposite, if the Customer shall not decide to have the instrument repaired, he will be charged to cover labour and other expenses needed.

3) All instruments that need to be repaired must be shipped pre-paid to B&C Electronics. All other expenses that have not been previously discussed will be charged to Customer.

4) Our Sales Dept. will contact You to inform You about the estimate or to offer you an alternative, in particular when:

- the repairing cost is too high compared to the cost of a new instrument,
- the repairing results being technically impossible or unreliable

5) In order to quickly return the repaired instrument, unless differently required by the Customer, the shipment will be freight collect and through the Customer's usual forwarder.

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# TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Data sheet

In case of damage, we suggest You to contact our Technical Support by email or phone. If it is necessary for the instrument to be repaired, we recommend to photocopy and fill out this data sheet to be sent along with the instrument, so to help us identifying the problem and therefore accelerate the repairing process.

 $\Box$  ESTIMATE

 $\Box$  REPAIR

COMPANY NAME			
ADDRESS	ZIP	CITY	
REFER TO MR./MISS.		PHONE	
MODEL	S/N	DATE	

Please check the operator's manual to better identify the area where the problem seems to be and please provide a brief description of the damage:

□ SENSOR	□ ANALOG OUTPUT
D POWER SUPPLY	□ SET POINT
□ CALIBRATION	□ RELAY CONTACTS
DISPLAY	□ PERIODICAL MALFUNCTIONING

## > DESCRIPTION

### <u>NOTES</u>

### <u>NOTES</u>