CS598JHM: Advanced NLP (Spring '10)

# Lecture 7: Variational inference for LDA

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## Variational inference

Approximate the intractable posterior p(H|D) with a tractable distribution q(H|D, V)

 $q(H \mid D, V)$  is from a family of simpler distributions defined by a set of free variational parameters V

#### Variational inference:

Find those parameters V which minimize the KL divergence KL(q(H|D,V)||p(H|D)) to the true posterior

$$D_{\mathrm{KL}}(P||Q) = \sum_{i} P(i) \log \frac{P(i)}{Q(i)}.$$

- We can do this without having to compute the actual posterior
- We can't do this exactly, but we can do it up to a constant that is independent of the variational parameters (constant=log likelihood of data under the model)
- The variational parameters V we'll find will depend on the data D

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## Variational inference for LDA

Another approximate inference method for inferring the posterior of the hidden variables given the data:

$$\begin{split} p(\vec{\theta}_{1:D}, z_{1:D,1:N}, \vec{\beta}_{1:K} \mid w_{1:D,1:N}, \alpha, \eta) &= \\ \frac{p(\vec{\theta}_{1:D}, \vec{z}_{1:D}, \vec{\beta}_{1:K} \mid \vec{w}_{1:D}, \alpha, \eta)}{\int_{\vec{\beta}_{1:K}} \int_{\vec{\theta}_{1:D}} \sum_{\vec{z}} p(\vec{\theta}_{1:D}, \vec{z}_{1:D}, \vec{\beta}_{1:K} \mid \vec{w}_{1:D}, \alpha, \eta)} \end{split}$$

References (and figures in today's slides):

- D. Blei and J. Lafferty. **Topic Models.** In A. Srivastava and M. Sahami, editors, *Text Mining: Theory and Applications*. Taylor and Francis, 2009.
- D. Blei, A. Ng, and M. Jordan. Latent Dirichlet allocation. Journal of Machine Learning Research, 3:993–1022, January 2003.

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# Mean field variational distribution for LDA

#### **Assumptions:**

- All variables are independent of each other.
- Each variable has its own variational parameter

#### The model:

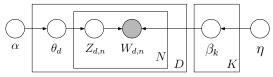
- Probability of topic z given document d:  $q(\theta_d \mid \gamma_d)$  Each document has its own Dirichlet prior  $\gamma_d$
- Probability of word w given topic z:  $q(\beta_z \mid \lambda_z)$  Each topic has its own Dirichlet prior  $\lambda_z$
- Probability of topic assignment to word  $w_{d,n}$ :  $q(z_{d,n} \mid \varphi_{d,n})$  Each word position word[d][n] has its own prior  $\varphi_{d,n}$

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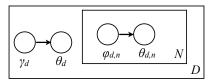
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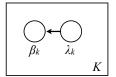
# A graphical model

#### LDA:



#### The variational approximation:





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## Inference

Inference = minimizing KL divergence:

$$\arg \min_{\vec{\gamma}_{1:D},\vec{\lambda}_{1:K},\vec{\theta}_{1:D,1:N}} \mathrm{KL}(q(\vec{\theta}_{1:D},z_{1:D,1:N},\vec{\beta}_{1:K})||p(\vec{\theta}_{1:D},z_{1:D,1:N},\vec{\beta}_{1:K}\,|\,w_{1:D,1:N}))$$

The objective function L turns out to be the sum of the expectation of the log probabilities of the posterior under the variational parameters and the entropy of q

$$\mathcal{L} = \sum_{k=1}^{K} \text{E}[\log p(\vec{\beta}_k \mid \eta)] + \sum_{d=1}^{D} \text{E}[\log p(\vec{\theta}_d \mid \vec{\alpha})] + \sum_{d=1}^{D} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \text{E}[\log p(Z_{d,n} \mid \vec{\theta}_d)] + \sum_{d=1}^{D} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \text{E}[\log p(w_{d,n} \mid Z_{d,n}, \vec{\beta}_{1:K})] + \text{H}(q),$$

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The variational posterior

$$q(\vec{\theta}_{1:D}, z_{1:D,1:N}, \vec{\beta}_{1:K}) = \prod_{k=1}^{K} q(\vec{\beta}_k \mid \vec{\lambda}_k) \prod_{d=1}^{D} \left( q(\vec{\theta}_{dd} \mid \vec{\gamma}_d) \prod_{n=1}^{N} q(z_{d,n} \mid \vec{\phi}_{d,n}) \right)$$

Inference = minimizing KL divergence:

$$\arg\min_{\vec{\gamma}_{1:D},\vec{j}_{1:K},\vec{\phi}_{1:D,1:N}} \mathrm{KL}(q(\vec{\theta}_{1:D},z_{1:D,1:N},\vec{\beta}_{1:K})||p(\vec{\theta}_{1:D},z_{1:D,1:N},\vec{\beta}_{1:K}||w_{1:D,1:N}))$$

The objective function L turns out to be 
$$\mathcal{L} = \sum_{k=1}^{K} \mathrm{E}[\log p(\vec{\beta}_k \mid \eta)] + \sum_{d=1}^{D} \mathrm{E}[\log p(\vec{\theta}_d \mid \vec{\alpha})] + \sum_{d=1}^{D} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \mathrm{E}[\log p(Z_{d,n} \mid \vec{\theta}_d)] \\ + \sum_{d=1}^{D} \sum_{n=1}^{N} \mathrm{E}[\log p(w_{d,n} \mid Z_{d,n}, \vec{\beta}_{1:K})] + \mathrm{H}(q),$$

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## Variational EM

#### Initialization:

- Define an initial distribution q

#### Iterate:

Update each variational parameter with the expectation of the true posterior under the variational distribution

#### Relation between true and variational parameters

- -True posterior = Dirichlet(hyperparameter + observed frequencies)
- Variational posterior = Dirichlet(hyperparameter + expectation of observed frequencies)

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# **Variational inference algorithm**

#### One iteration of mean field variational inference for LDA

(1) For each topic k and term v:

(8) 
$$\lambda_{k,v}^{(t+1)} = \eta + \sum_{d=1}^{D} \sum_{n=1}^{N} 1(w_{d,n} = v) \phi_{n,k}^{(t)}.$$

- (2) For each document *d*:
  - (a) Update  $\gamma_d$ :

(9) 
$$\gamma_{d,k}^{(t+1)} = \alpha_k + \sum_{n=1}^{N} \phi_{d,n,k}^{(t)}.$$

(b) For each word n, update  $\vec{\phi}_{d,n}$ :

(10) 
$$\phi_{d,n,k}^{(t+1)} \propto \exp\left\{\Psi(\gamma_{d,k}^{(t+1)}) + \Psi(\lambda_{k,w_n}^{(t+1)}) - \Psi(\sum_{v=1}^{V} \lambda_{k,v}^{(t+1)})\right\},$$

where  $\Psi$  is the digamma function, the first derivative of the  $\log \varGamma$  function.

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