

Genus: Paphiopedilum Subgenus: Sigmatopetalum Alliance: Barbatum Species: Wardi

September 2019

Paph. wardii was first described by Summerhayes in Gardener's Chronicle, 3rd series, 92:446 (1932). Frank Kingdom Ward, a British army captain, discovered wardii in 1922 hence the plant's name.

Paph. wardii does resemble Paph. venustum in size of the plant and flower. The dorsal sepals of the two species are similar in coloration and shape. However wardii's petals are flat and in alignment with the face of the flower. They have a tendency to have a downward incline of approximately 45 degrees. The petals are fringed with cilia and fine dark brown speckles. The rounded brown pouch is on the small side and can be splattered with fine darker specks especially towards the rim. There are known albino forms of wardii.

Habit:

The leaves are 3 to 5 in number and up to 17 cm long, mottled blue-green and pale green. The inflorescence is one flowered, 20 - 45 cm long, purple, and densely pubescent. The Bloom is 8-13 cm at it's widest point.

Habitat:

The distribution is Burma and China. Wardii grows at an elevation of 1200-1500 m and on the forest floor around tree bases or mossy cliff faces.

Synonyms:

None

Awards:

117 total awards from 1985 to 2014 majority in the categories of AM and HCC

Primary Hybrids:

Tím VanRooy		
Black jaguar		
Morse Horse		
Roch Jolibois		
Julía Bell		
Jenny Rhode		
Aleksandra Szlachetko		
Shutdown		
Debbie Robinson		
Darth Vader		

barbatum	Pleasantry			
bullenianum	David Makana Quarles			
callosum	Píerre Bertaux			
dayanum	Díana Ward			
javanicum	Borobudur			
lawrenceanum	Starry Sky			
purpuraum	Dale Edward Lawless			
sukhakulii	Saíun			
superbiens	Thank Frank			
tonsum	Bryce			
venustum	Varuna			
vírens	Ovídíus			
adductumlowii	Wossner Braunbar			
philippinense	Happy Philipin			
rothschildianum	Garnet Crown			
glaucophyllum	Carol			
primulinum	Quissett			



